

Living Things & their Habitats

Key Vocabulary

There are seven things that all **living** things do, we call these life processes. All animals, including **humans**, do these and **plants** do too! We can remember them with the help of **Mrs Gren!**

Movement

Reproduction

Sensitivity

Growth

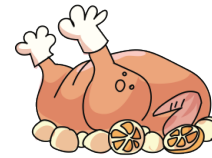
Reproduce

Excretion

Nutrition



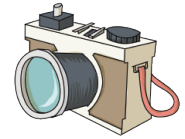
Living, not living or never alive?



Roast chicken is **dead** because it was alive but isn't anymore.



A pig is **living**.



A camera is **not a living thing**.

Habitats

A habitat is where a living thing lives. Habitats provide things that living things need for the life processes such **as food, water and air**.

Examples of micro-habitats:

- flower beds
- trees
- bushes
- under rocks/logs
- ponds
- in the grass

Examples of large habitats:

- desert
- mountains
- polar regions
- jungle
- ocean
- savannah



Grouping animals

We can group animals depending on what **type of food they eat**.

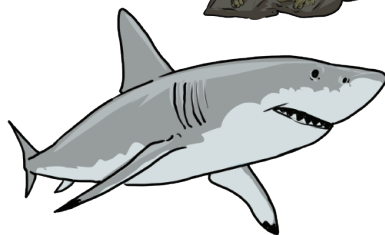
Herbivores just eat plants.

A rabbit is a herbivore.



Carnivores just eat meat.

A shark is a carnivore.



Omnivores eat both plants and meat.

A gorilla is an omnivore.

Food chains

Sometimes, scientists use food chains to show **what different animals eat in a habitat**. This is a simple **food chain**:



The arrows mean '**is eaten by**'.

The grass is eaten by the rabbit. The **rabbit is eaten by the fox**.

Key Vocabulary

carnivore - an animal that just eats meat

change - when something becomes different

diet - the food that an animal eats

excretion - to dispose of waste

food chain - a diagram that scientists use to show what different animals eat within a habitat

growth - to get bigger

habitat - where a living thing lives

herbivore - an animal that just eats plants

movement - to change position

nutrition - the food we eat

offspring - the babies that an animal produces

omnivore - an animal that eats both plants and meat

reproduction - producing offspring

respiration - taking in gas and giving out another (breathing in humans)

sensitivity - using your senses (see, smell, hear, touch, taste)



Living Things and their Habitats Mini Quiz

1. We can use Mrs Gren to help us remember the **seven life processes**.

Can you fill in the missing gaps?

R espiration
S ensitivity
R eproduction
E xcretion



2. True or false?

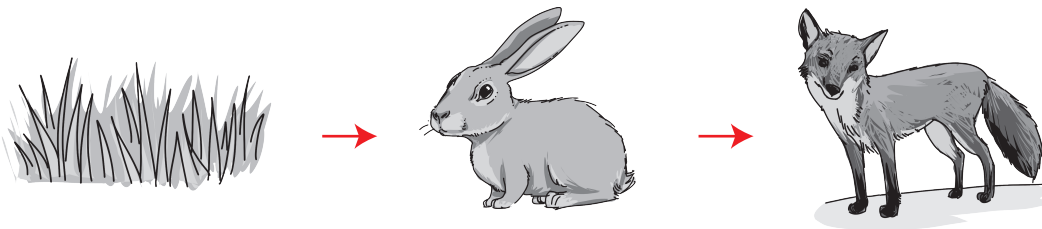
A herbivore is an animal that eats both plants and meat. _____

3. Name **a micro-habitat**. _____

4. Name **a large habitat**. _____

5. Why are **habitats** important to living things? _____

6. Look at **the food chain** and complete the sentences below.



Grass is **eaten by the** _____

The rabbit is _____ the fox.

